Sechelt Hospital Foundation Society

Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Sechelt Hospital Foundation Society

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of (the "Society"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statement of operations and changes in fund balances and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Society as at December 31, 2019, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Society in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 2 to the financial statements, concerning the worldwide spread of a novel coronavirus known as COVID-19 subsequent to year-end and its effect on the global economy. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with ASNPO, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Society's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Society or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Society's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a



Independent Auditor's Report, continued

material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Society's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Society's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Society to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Crowe Mackay LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Sechelt, British Columbia May 25, 2020

Sechelt Hospital Foundation Society Statement of Financial Position

December 31,	Ur	restricted Fund	Re	stricted Fund	2019	2018
Assets						
Current Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Sales taxes receivable Marketable securities Prepaid expenses Interfund receivable (Note 8)	\$	2,960,711 2,368 3,142 989,733 1,519	\$	933,570 - - - - - 50,829	\$ 3,894,281 2,368 3,142 989,733 1,519 50,829	\$ 3,611,614 - 2,205 917,395 1,212 21,560
		3,957,473		984,399	4,941,872	4,553,986
Tangible capital assets (Note 4) Art collection (Note 5)		357,395 105,839		-	357,395 105,839	376,349 63,849
	\$	4,420,707	\$	984,399	\$ 5,405,106	\$ 4,994,184
Liabilities Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	30,011	\$	-	\$ 30,011	\$ 58,675
Interfund payable (Note 8)		50,829		-	50,829	21,560
		80,840		-	 80,840	80,235
Fund balances						
Invested in tangible capital assets (Note 4) Externally restricted (Note 6) Internally restricted (Note 7) Unrestricted		357,395 - 2,510,723 1,471,749		- 984,399 - -	357,395 984,399 2,510,723 1,471,749	376,350 572,079 1,421,378 2,544,142
		4,339,867		984,399	5,324,266	 4,913,949
	\$	4,420,707	\$	984,399	\$ 5,405,106	\$ 4,994,184

Subsequent event (Note 2)

Approved on behalf of the Board

Director_____

Director Sulfah

Sechelt Hospital Foundation Society Statement of Operations

	Unrestri Fund		Restricted Fund	i			
For the year ended December 31		<u>-</u>			2019		2018
Revenues							
Donations - designated	\$	_	\$ 438,6	16 \$	438,616	\$	573,424
Donations - designated Donations - non-designated		4,726	00,0	•	304,726	•	776,573
Investment income (Note 9)		5,763	_		175,763		39,658
Fundraising		6,163	_		6,163		103,297
- differences		6,652	438,6	16	925,268		1,492,952
Expenditures							
Operating Amortization	1	8,954	_		18,954		18,954
		1,463	_		11,463		10,710
Accounting services	'	1,400			11,100		,.
Governance and board		2,785	_		2,785		1,712
development		2,765 4,869	•		4,869		4,161
Insurance			-		10,076		7,638
Office and administration		0,076	-		13,580		10,850
Professional fees		3,580 5,580	-		25,580		23,468
Wages and benefits (Note 10)							
= 1.1 .1	8	7,307	-		87,307		77,493
Fund development costs							
Community engagement and	2	1,883	_		21,883		40,946
marketing	2	3,551	_		3,551		975
Donor recognition			_		3,890		1,345
Staff development education	12	3,890 2,541			122,541		124,600
Wages and benefits (Note 10)					151,865		167,866
Programs	18	51,865	•		·		
Art Program (Note 5)		3,360		•	3,360		5,885
Education funding	1	3,205			13,205		13,215
Foundation house		26,793		-	26,793		26,576
Fundraising costs		1,723	-	-	1,723		31,223
MedTalks		14,428		-	14,428		4,899
Program disbursements		30,266		-	30,266		-
Wages and benefits (Note 10)		18,435			18,435		17,60
	1(08,210		<u> </u>	108,210		99,399
Distributions							
Distributions to specific							
commitments - external		-	26,	296	26,296		58,909
Distributions to specific							
commitments - internal	1	41,273		<u>-</u>	141,273		2,500
-	1	41,273	26	296	167,569		61,40
	4	88,655	26	,296	514,951		406,16
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					_		
expenditures	\$	(2,003)	\$ 412	,320	\$ 410,317	' \$	1,086,78

Sechelt Hospital Foundation Society Statement of Changes in Fund Balances

For the year ended December 31	Ur	restricted Fund	Re	estricted Fund	2019		2018
Balance, beginning of year Excess (deficiency) of revenues	\$	4,341,870	\$	572,079	\$ 4,913,949	\$	3,827,164
over expenditures		(2,003)		412,320	 410,317	-	1,086,785
Balance, ending of year	\$	4,339,867	\$	984,399	\$ 5,324,266	\$	4,913,949

Sechelt Hospital Foundation Society Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31,	Ur	restricted Fund	R	Restricted Fund	2019		2018
Operating activities							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	•	(0.000)		440.000	444.047	•	4 000 705
expenditures Adjustments for	\$	(2,003)	\$	412,320	411,317	\$	1,086,785
Amortization		18,954		_	18,954		18,954
In-kind contributions to the Art		10,004			10,004		10,001
collection		(41,990)		-	(41,990)		(63,849)
Unrealized loss (gain) on portfolio		, , ,					
investments		(72,338)		-	(72,338)		32,605
		(95,374)		-	(95,374)		(12,290)
		(97,377)		412,320	315,943		1,074,495
Change in non-cock working conital it							
Change in non-cash working capital ite Prepaid expenses	31115	(307)		_	(307)		3,086
Accounts payable and accrued		(307)		_	(307)		5,000
liabilities		(28,664)		_	(28,664)		41,781
Sales taxes receivable		(937)		-	(937)		(208)
Accounts receivable		(2,368)		-	(2,368)		-
Interfund receivable/payable		29,269		(29,269)	_		
		(100,384)		383,051	283,667		1,119,154
Investing activities Acquisition of marketable securities					_		(11,089)
Acquisition of marketable securities					-		(11,009)
Increase (decrease) in cash		(100,384)		383,051	283,667		1,108,065
Cash, beginning of year		3,061,095		550,519	3,611,614		2,503,549
			_				
Cash, end of year	\$	2,960,711	\$	933,570	3,895,281	\$	3,611,614

December 31, 2019

1. Incorporation and purpose

Sechelt Hospital Foundation Society was incorporated on March 18, 1995 under the laws of the Society Act of British Columbia as a not-for-profit organization and has transitioned to the British Columbia Societies act and is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act.

The purpose of the Society is to:

- (a) to raise funds from the community to help enhance the scope and sustain excellence of health care services provided by Vancouver Coastal Health, primarily at Sechelt Hospital and secondarily at other VCH locations across the Sunshine Coast Local Health Area (LHA 46);
- (b) to fund capital facilities and equipment, special projects, medical and scientific research and educational activities aligned, where possible, with the policies, programs and priorities of Vancouver Coastal Health, Sechelt Hospital and the needs of our community;
- (c) to receive, hold and invest bequests, donations, gifts, stocks, bonds, funds and property and to administer and distribute funds, property, endowments, trusts and financial programs for the funding and support of activities of the above;
- (d) to do all such other things as are incidental and ancillary to the attainment of the foregoing purposes and the exercise of the powers of the Society.

2. Subsequent event

Subsequent to year end, there was a global outbreak of a novel coronavirus identified as "COVID-19". On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic. In order to combat the spread of COVID-19 governments worldwide have enacted emergency measures including travel bans, legally enforced or self-imposed quarantine periods, social distancing and business and organization closures. These measures have caused material disruptions to businesses, governments and other organizations resulting in an economic slowdown and increased volatility in national and global equity and commodity markets.

Central banks and governments, including Canadian federal and provincial governments, have reacted with significant monetary and fiscal interventions designed to stabilize economic conditions. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 outbreak is unknown at this time, as is the efficacy of any interventions. It is not possible to reliably estimate the length and severity of these developments and the impact on the financial results and condition of the Foundation and its operations in future periods.

The COVID-19 pandemic caused significant volatility in the stock market. As at May 15th, 2020, the Society's investment portfolio was valued at \$953,829 which is a decrease of 3.6% since December 31, 2019. The investment portfolio value is expected to recover over time; however, further declines are possible.

3. Significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. These financial statements have, in management's opinion, been properly prepared within the framework of the accounting policies summarized as follows.

December 31, 2019

3. Significant accounting policies, continued

(a) Basis of accounting

The Society follows fund accounting principles consisting of the following funds:

The Unrestricted Fund accounts for the Society's unspecified donations, fundraising, membership activities and expenses related to the Society's general operations.

The Restricted Fund accounts for the receipt and distributions of specific donations and bequests of the Society.

(b) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents consist principally of money market funds and other highly liquid interestbearing instruments with original maturities of three months or less.

(c) Financial instruments

(i) Measurement of financial instruments

The Society initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument. Amounts due to and from related parties are measured at the exchange amount, being the amount agreed upon by the related parties.

The Society subsequently measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for derivatives and equity securities quoted in an active market, which are subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in net income.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash and accounts receivable.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Financial assets measured at FMV include marketable securities, which are quoted in active market.

(ii) Impairment

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of possible impairment. When a significant adverse change has occured during the period in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows from the financial asset or group of assets, a write-down is recognized in net income. The write down reflects the difference between the carrying amount and the higher of:

 the present value of the cash flows expected to be generated by the asset or group of assets:

December 31, 2019

3. Significant accounting policies, continued

- the amount that could be realized by selling the assets or group of assets;
- the net realizable value of any collateral held to secure repayment of the assets or group of assets.

When the events occuring after the impairment confirm that a reversal is necessary, the reversal is recognized in net income up to the amount of the previously recognized impairment.

(d) Revenue recognition

The Society follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions. Restricted and unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the appropriate fund when received or receivable, if the amounts to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Contributed capital assets or short-term investments are recorded at fair market value at the time of receipt. Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis. Dividend income is recognized when received.

(e) Contributed services

Contributions of materials and services are recognized in the financial statements at fair value at the date of contribution, but only when a fair value can be reasonably estimated and when the materials and services are used in the normal course of operations, and would otherwise have been purchased.

(f) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are accounted for at cost and amortized on the basis of their useful life using the straight-line method and rates or duration:

Buildings	Straight-line	40 years
Computer	Straight-line	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	Straight-line	5 years
Leasehold improvements	Straight-line	5 years
Computer software	Straight-line	1 year

It is the Society's policy to capitalize capital expenditures greater than \$2,500.

(g) Impairment of long-lived assets

The Society tests for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability is assessed by comparing the carrying amount to the projected undiscounted future net cash flows the long-lived assets are expected to generate through their direct use and eventual disposition. When a test for impairment indicates that the carrying amount of an asset is not recoverable, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent carrying value exceeds its fair value.

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3. Significant accounting policies, continued

(h) Income taxes

The Society is exempt from income taxes under section 149 of the Income Tax Act.

(i) Collections

Collections are recorded on the statement of financial position at cost and are not amortized. For items contributed to collections, cost is deemed to be fair value at the date of contribution plus all costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the collection items. Fair value may be estimated using appraisal values.

(j) Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

4. Tangible capital assets

	Cost	 umulated ortization	Ne	2019 et book value	 2018 et book value
Land Buildings Computer Furniture and fixtures Leasehold improvements Computer software	\$ 228,000 259,231 6,911 8,723 46,731 16,955	\$ - 150,098 6,217 7,847 28,039 16,955	\$	228,000 109,133 694 876 18,692	\$ 228,000 115,613 4,697 - 28,039
	\$ 566,551	\$ 209,156	\$_	357,395	\$ 376,349

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5. Art collection

In January of 2018 the Foundation established The Hospital Art Program which includes a permanent collecton of donated artwork to enhance the Sechelt Hospital's healing environments. The collection comprises paintings, drawings, photography, prints and other visual art materials. The Art Collection is held for the perpetual benefit of the Sunshine Coast and its citizens.

All art included in the collection is donated to the Society and all art with an approximate value of \$1,000 or greater is appraised by an independent appraisor and the donation is recorded at the appraised amount.

During the year ended December 31, 2019 the Society spent \$3,360 (2018 - \$5,885) on the administraton, installation and maintenance of The Art Program.

There were no disposals of any collection items during the year.

6. Externally restricted net assets (Donor specified)

	2019			2018
Ambulatory	\$	15,362	\$	4,100
Emergency	•	11,989		11,524
Employee Wellness		1,618		1,786
Home Care		1,265		1,247
Imaging		1,000		-
Medical Equipment		15,000		-
Mental Health		904,162		540,600
Obstetrics		20,000		-
Pallative		1,623		1,597
REHAB		2,500		2,500
Shorncliffe		530		30
Totem Lodge		9,350		8,695
	\$	984,399	\$_	572,079

7. Internally restricted net assets

	 2019		
Foundation Office Renovation	\$ -	\$	1,929
Ambulatory Care Unit	551		-
Cardiac Monitors and other equipment	613,474		-
Long-Term Fund	989,733		917,395
Mental Health	500,000		502,054
Surgical/Endoscopy and other equipment	406,965		-
	\$ 2,510,723	\$	1,421,378

December 31, 2019

8. Interfund balances

Interfund amounts receivable and payable are non-interest bearing and have no set terms of repayment

9. Investment income

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 2019	 2018
Investment income Portfolio returns (losses)	\$ 103,422 72,341	\$ 70,402 (30,744)
	\$ 175,763	\$ 39,658

10. Management remuneration

Total remuneration, including benefits, for the Society's executive director for the year was \$122,898 (2018 - \$120,974). Total remuneration including benefits to other part time employees of the Society total \$43,657 (2018 - \$44,695).

11. Financial instruments

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Society as a result of a counterparty to a financial instrument failing to meet its contractual obligations. Credit risk arises principally from the Society's cash and cash equivalents which are held with one financial institution. It is the current policy of the Board to place funds only with the Sunshine Coast Credit Union. The Province of British Columbia has provided a 100% guarantee of all deposits with British Columbia credit unions which mitigates any credit risk.

Market risk

The market risk associated with the term deposits is reduced to a minimum since these assets are invested in low risk, highly liquid, interest bearing investments, in accordance with the Society's investment policies. The market risk associated with the short-term investments is reduced to a minimum as it is the Society's policy to either liquidate those investments as soon as possible after receipt or if the underlying investments are determined to be appropriately low-risk by the finance committee then the investments are held and monitored on a regular basis until such time as the committee determines to divest of the holdings. The Society is exposed to other price risk through its investments in listed shares for which the value fluctuates with the quoted market price.

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12. Comparative figures

The financial statements have been reclassified, where applicable, to conform to the presentation used in the current year. The changes do not affect prior year earnings.